

Wooden tiles fitting instruction

1. Unloading and manual handling

Please take extra care when unloading tiles; do not shake, twist or throw the boxes.

2. Storing

Wooden tiles should be stored in a dry place and temperature between 15°C - 25°C for a minimum 24h before fitting.

3. Surface preparation

Always plan your fitting first and check instructions provided by the adhesive manufacturer. Check the load-bearing capacity of the surface and compare with the tile weight. The surface must be solid and free from any loose elements; old wallpaper, paint or damaged plaster. Scratch the wall surface to provide a good base for the adhesive, then prime the surface with appropriate primer (as for tiling).

Panels can be fitted on to solid wall or dry lining wall made in conformity with good building practice. If there are any possibilities of overloading the existing wall, additional support facings should be applied. Fitting must be carried out in temperatures between 15°C - 25°C by a skilled craftsman.

4. Recommended accessories

Appropriate PPE (gloves, boots, goggles, hat).

Tools: pencil, measuring tape, spirit level, hand-saw or electric multi cutter.

Accessories: High tack adhesive, PVA primer.

5. Fitting

If your floor is not straight or you are starting the fitting at a different level, mark a fitting starting point. Fix a wooden batten which will mark the place for the bottom edge of the first panel. Fitting should start from the bottom corner and the second next tile should be fitted on one side of the first tile, line by line with a step (as bricks). Remove any dust from the tiles and spread the adhesive into the back of the panel (lines, every 5-10 cm). Do not leave any excess adhesive on the surface of the tile, as it must be immediately wiped away with a wet wipe. Continue fitting tiles to the wall end; the last panel can be cut with a hand saw/ electric multi-cutter if necessary. It is important to check tiles alignment horizontally and vertically after each tile fitting.

6. Cutting

Wooden tiles should be cut with the hand saw or electric multi cutter.

7. Sealing

In places as kitchens or bathrooms, we recommend to seal the tiles with wooden sealer. Please remember to test a sealer first on the tile cut-off.

8. Disclaimer

We reserve the right to amend the details contained within this document without prior notice. Precast panels can have minor manufacturing characteristics present such as telegraphing of the cellular structure and minor surface particle or imperfections. These are normal visual elements for this type of product and if present are not grounds for complaint.